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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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EXAMINER

THAI, HANH B

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2161

DATE MAILED: 04/21/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/670,760

Applicant(s)

CABRERA, LUIS FELIPE

Examiner

Hanh B Thai

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE ____ MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on amendment filed January 3, 2005.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) ____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-34 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) ____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on ____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____. |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date ____. | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: ____. |

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1. This is in response to amendment filed January 3, 2005.

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed January 3, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant alleges that "even if it were true that Zaremba disclosed a system relating to a 'set of objects' - to try to shoehorn Zaremba's 'set of objects' into the system disclosed in Pongracz et al. would 'break' the system of the Pongracz et al., i.e., it would no longer would based on its architecture for creating backup information (based on a single filename). Thus, even assuming that Zaremba includes the alleged disclosure (a contention rebutted below), pongracz et al.'s system for identifying backup files would not work if so modified since they are predicated on information collected based on a single filename, not a collection of objects." The examiner respectfully disagrees. The method of Pongracz clearly generates a full backup file corresponding to a first time for a file (see the abstract). Zaremba was cited merely to show that it is well known in the art to backup sets of database objects (see col.2, lines 8-13). The test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

In the instant application, the combined teaching of Pongracz and Zaremba would have

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Suggested to one of ordinary skill in the art to cause the full backup file of Pongracz for any number of database objects in order to reduce the number of backup files, thus providing an efficient backup system.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-13, 15-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pongracz et al. (U. S. Patent no. 6,073,128) in view of Zaremba (U. S. Patent no. 6,647,399) and further view of Stevens (U. S. Patent no. 6,145,088).

Regarding claims 1 and 15, Pongracz discloses a method for generating backup files in a computer system, comprising:

- generating a full backup file corresponding to a first time for a file in the computer system (see col. 1, lines 45-49; col.5, lines 3-21; Fig.3 and corresponding text, Pongracz);
- generating at least one incremental file after the first time (see col.6, lines 18-21 and col. 3, lines 64-67, Pongracz);
- identifying a target object for the generation of cumulative backup files (see col. 5, lines 60-66 and col. 3, lines 53-64); and
- generating at least one cumulative backup file corresponding to a second time, after the first time, for the target object (see column 1, lines 53-61, Pongracz).

Pongracz, however, does not disclose the backup for a set of objects. Zaremba, on the hand, discloses a method for data backup and recovery including the backup for a set of objects and restore a file volume or version (see col. 4, lines 13-67, Zaremba). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Pongracz to include the claimed feature because it provides a backup system's efficiency, for example, deletion of inactive data set (col. 4, lines 62-67, Zaremba).

Pongracz and Zaremba combination does not disclose that the backup file is performed off-line. Stevens discloses an apparatus for remote recovery including the backup file that can be performed off-line (see col. 1, lines 49-56, Stevens). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Pongracz. The motivation of doing so would have been to provide relief to data loss (column 1, lines 49-56, Stevens).

Regarding claim 2, Pongracz/Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses that the generating of the at least one cumulative backup file includes analyzing at least one incremental file generated between the first and second time (see column 2, lines 10-21, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 3 Pongracz/Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses that the analyzing of at least one incremental file is performed in reverse chronological order, starting from the second time (see column 3, lines 45-49, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 4, Pongracz/Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses restoring the target object to the second time by processing the full backup file and the at least one cumulative backup file (see column 3, lines 64-67, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 5, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses that restoring the target object to a third time later than the second time by processing a full backup

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file, the at least one cumulative backup file and any incremental backup files generated between the second time and the third time (see column 1, lines 46-61, Pongracz).

Regarding claims 6-7, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses that the identifying includes identifying a related subset of files as the target object for a cumulative backup file (see column 3, lines 49-58, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 8, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses the identifying includes identifying a directory as the target object for a cumulative backup file (see column 3, lines 53-58, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 9, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses that a user identifies the target object (see column 3, lines 18-19 and column 5, lines 3-21, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 10, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses the monitoring and analyzing restore operations in the computer system (see column 3, lines 45-53, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 11, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses the identifying of the target object is designed to meet a condition of bounded restore time for the target object (see column 7, line 60 to column 8, line 8, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 12, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses controlling the frequency of generating at least one of a full, incremental and cumulative backup (see column 1, line 65 to column 2, line 9, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 13, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses a computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions (Fig. 1 of Pongracz).

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Regarding claim 16, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses that the analyzing of the at least one incremental file is performed in reverse chronological order (see column 3, lines 45-49, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 17, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses that the generating of said at least one cumulative backup file is performed off-line (see Fig. 2 and col. 1, lines 49-56, Stevens).

Regarding claim 18, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses the monitoring and analyzing restore operations (see column 3, lines 45-53, Pongracz).

Regarding claim 19, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further discloses that the identifying of the target object is designed to meet a condition of bounded restore time (see column 7, line 60 to column 8, line 8, Pongracz).

Regarding claims 20-21, Pongracz/ Zaremba/Stevens combination further the frequency of generating at least one of a full, incremental and cumulative backup (see column 1, line 65 to column 2, line 9, Pongracz).

4. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pongracz et al. (U. S. Patent no. 6,073,128) in view of Zaremba (U. S. Patent no. 6,647,399), further in view of Stevens (U. S. Patent no. 6,145,088) and further in view of Fletcher et al. (U. S. Patent no. 6,038,379).

Regarding claim 14, the limitations of this claim have been noted in the rejection of claim 1. In addition, Pongracz/Zaremba/Stevens combination does not disclose “the storage block mappings for the target object” and “the change is stored in the format of MTF”.

Fletcher, however, discloses a data backup and restores system for computer network including the claimed feature (see col. 6, lines 10-19 and col. 8, lines 18-36, Fletcher). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teaching of Pongracz/Zaremba and Stevens. The motivation of doing so would have been to enhance the full backup and recovery system, for example, the capability of interchanging data between different operating system (see col. 2, lines 14-19, Fletcher).

5. Claims 22-30, 32 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zaremba (U. S. Patent no. 6,647,399) in view of Stevens (U. S. Patent no. 6,145,088).

Regarding claims 22 and 32, Zaremba discloses a computer system (Fig. 1) comprising:

- a plurality of servers having at least one connection to a communications network (see col. 3, line 46 to col. 4, line 7, Zaremba); and
- a plurality of storage components for the storage of backup information for a plurality of target objects in the form of full, incremental and cumulative backup information (see col. 1, lines 45-49 and col. 2, lines 26-61, Zaremba);

Zaremba does not disclose that the backup information wherein the backup can be performed off-line. Stevens discloses an apparatus for remote recovery including the backup file that can be performed off-line (see Fig. 2 and col. 1, lines 49-56, Stevens). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Zaremba to include the claim feature. The motivation of doing so would have been to provide relief to data loss (col. 1, lines 49-56, Stevens).

Regarding claim 23, Zaremba/Stevens combination discloses reconstructing of the target objects to the second time (see col. 2, lines 32-49, Zaremba).

Regarding claim 24, Zaremba/Stevens combination does not disclose the reconstructing of the plurality of target objects to a third time. However, since the combination system can reconstruct the target objects the second time (see col. 2, lines 32-49, Zaremba). It is clearly operate to reconstruct the third time as well as many times thereafter.

Regarding claim 25, Zaremba/Stevens combination discloses that the plurality of storage components store backup information for the plurality of target objects (see col. 2, lines 31-33, Zaremba).

Regarding claim 26, Zaremba/Stevens combination discloses that the plurality of storage components store backup information for a volume (see col. 5, lines 4-9, Zaremba).

Regarding claim 27, Zaremba/Stevens combination discloses that the plurality of storage components store backup information for a directory (see col. 6, line 63 to col. 7, line 3, Zaremba).

Regarding claim 28, Zaremba/Stevens combination discloses that at least one of the plurality of servers generates the backup information in response to monitoring and analyzing an inefficiency of a system restore operation (see col. 6, lines 4-10, Zaremba).

Regarding claim 29, Zaremba/Stevens combination discloses a condition of bounded restore time for the plurality of target objects (see 1, lines 15-32, Zaremba).

Regarding claim 30, Zaremba/Stevens combination discloses the generation of a cumulative backup file includes the analysis of at least one incremental file (see col. 1, lines 45-49 and col. 2, lines 26-61, Zaremba)

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Regarding claim 34, Zaremba/Stevens combination disclose that the storage of backup information wherein the backup can be performed off-line (see Fig. 2 and col. 1, lines 49-56, Stevens).

6. Claims 31 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zaremba (U. S. Patent no. 6,647,399) in view of Stevens (U. S. Patent no. 6,145,088) and further view of Pongracz et al. (U. S. Patent no. 6,073,128).

Regarding claims 31 and 33, Zaremba/Stevens combination discloses all of the claimed limitations as discussed above, except the analysis of the at least one incremental file is performed in reverse chronological order.

Pongracz discloses a method for identifying files used to restore a file and is performed in reverse chronological order (see col.3, lines 45-49, Pongracz). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Zaremba/Stevens to include the claim feature as taught by Pongracz. The motivation of doing so would have been to provide a properly backup file system (see col.3, lines 36-39, Pongracz).

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Webb (US 6,675,177 B1) discloses method and system for backing up digital data.

8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO**

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MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.


Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hanh B Thai whose telephone number is 571-272-4029. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 AM - 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Safet Metjahic can be reached on 571-272-4023. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Hanh B Thai
Examiner
Art Unit 2161

April 12, 2005


UYEN LE
PRIMARY EXAMINER